

AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A therapeutic composition comprising a polypeptide comprising a therapeutically active portion of a lysyl oxidase pro-peptide, said polypeptide being in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier substance therefore, wherein said polypeptide is active in inhibiting cell growth or proliferation and wherein said polypeptide does not have lysyl oxidase enzymatic-catalytic activity.
2. (Original) The therapeutic composition of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide is active in inhibiting cell growth in soft agar.
3. (Original) The therapeutic composition of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide is active in inhibiting tumor formation.
4. (Currently Amended) The therapeutic composition of claim 1, comprising a polypeptide comprising an-a therapeutically active portion of the a lysyl oxidase pro-peptide having the amino acid sequence given in of SEQ ID NO.: 1 or SEQ ID NO.: 2, or conservative substitutions thereof, wherein said polypeptide is active in inhibiting cell growth or proliferation and wherein said polypeptide does not have lysyl oxidase catalytic activity.
5. (Currently Amended) The therapeutic composition of claim 1, comprising a polypeptide comprising an-a therapeutically active portion of an-a lysyl oxidase pro-peptide having the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:-3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and -8, or conservative substitutions thereof, wherein said polypeptide is active in inhibiting cell growth or proliferation

and wherein said polypeptide does not have lysyl oxidase catalytic activity.

6. (Currently Amended) A method of identifying the ~~an-a~~
therapeutically active portion of a lysyl oxidase pro-peptide,
said method comprising the steps of:

- a) providing cells transformed with an oncogene, wherein growth of said transformed cells is known to be inhibited by a polypeptide comprising a lysyl oxidase pro-peptide, wherein said polypeptide is active in inhibiting cell growth or proliferation and wherein said polypeptide does not have lysyl oxidase catalytic activity;
- b) culturing said cells in the presence of a fragment of said lysyl oxidase pro-peptide polypeptide of length l_1 , wherein said l_1 fragment is known to comprise said active portion of said lysyl oxidase pro-peptide polypeptide;
- c) determining a value for the effectiveness of said l_1 fragment in inhibiting growth of said transformed cells ~~in soft agar~~;
- d) culturing another aliquot of said cells with a smaller portion of said l_1 fragment of said lysyl oxidase pro-peptide polypeptide, said smaller portion being of length l_2 ;
- e) determining a value for the effectiveness of said l_2 fragment in inhibiting growth of said transformed cells ~~in soft agar~~; and
- f) repeating steps d) and e) with progressively smaller portions of said l_1 fragment of said lysyl oxidase pro-peptide polypeptide, of length l_i , until the minimum sized active portion of said polypeptide is determined.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said transformed cells are cultured in soft agar.

8. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a patient, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a patient suffering from cancer; and
administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 1.

9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said patient suffers from a form of cancer dependent on ras signaling for cell transformation.

10. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a patient, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a patient suffering from a disease or disorder that occurs via elevated ras-dependent signaling; and
administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 1.

11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein said patient suffers from colon, breast, lung or prostate cancer.

12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein said disease or disorder is selected from the group consisting of diseases or disorders of the kidney, cardiovascular system and immune system.

13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein said patient suffers from a bone disease.

Application No. 10/585,651
Filed: July 07, 2006
TC Art Unit: 1652
Confirmation No.: 5481

14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 13, wherein said bone disease is an osteopenic condition.

15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein said bone disease is osteoporosis.